

GLOBAL MARKETS RESEARCH

ESG 17 June 2025

ESG Country Updates

Singapore

- The revenue collected from Singapore's carbon tax for 2024 is projected to be about S\$642 mn, lower than the expected revenue of S\$1 bn assuming emissions remained at similar levels to previous years. This is likely due to the transitory allowances given to some companies to support them in staying competitive in the region. However, the higher revenue compared to 2023 reflects the higher carbon tax rate of S\$25/t. None of the large emitters have used carbon credits to offset their taxable emissions, due to the lack of supply of eligible international carbon credits. Governments are working on operationalising carbon credit collaborations to achieve both countries' climate targets.
- Singapore and Indonesia have signed three agreements to strengthen cooperation in clean energy and sustainable development, focusing on crossborder trade in low-carbon electricity trade, carbon capture and storage (CCS), and the development of sustainable industrial zones on several Indonesian islands near Singapore e.g. Batam, Bintan and Karimun. The deals reaffirm an earlier agreement to export solar power from Indonesia to Singapore, and plans to advance cross-border CCS projects in efforts to achieve both countries' climate goals.

Malaysia

 Malaysia-based steel producer MAEGMA Minerals has signed a memorandum of understanding with engineering company Primetals Technologies to establish a green steel plant that will make 2 mn tonnes of hot briquetted iron (HBI) annually in Perak, Malaysia. The plant will be equipped with hydrogenready equipment and pipelines to emit significantly lower emissions than traditional coal-fired facilities, scheduled to start operating in 2029. This can allow the company to meet the growing demand for high quality commercial HBI in Southeast Asia with a lower carbon footprint.

Rest of the world

 Britain plans to invest £14.2 bn to build the Sizewell C nuclear plant in Southeast England, as part of its wider spending review that will define its priorities over the next four years. It is seeking to build new nuclear plants to replace its ageing fleet to help boost its energy security and achieve its climate targets. The Sizewell C plant is also expected to create around 10,000 jobs during the construction phase. This project reflects a renewed interest in nuclear energy globally as governments strive to achieve their climate goals. Ong Shu Yi ESG Analyst <u>shuyiong1@ocbc.com</u>

OCBC

GLOBAL MARKETS RESEARCH

 The World Bank's board has agreed to end a longstanding ban on funding nuclear energy projects in developing countries as part of a broader push to meet rising electricity needs. There has been renewed interest in nuclear energy because of more advanced nuclear technologies such as Small Modular Reactors. More Southeast Asian countries are also relooking at including nuclear energy in their clean energy plans to achieve their climate goals.

Special Coverage: EUDR country risk classifications and compliance challenges

- The European Commission released its list of country risk classifications under the EU Deforestation Regulation (EUDR), based on legal frameworks and enforcement practices, as well as trends in deforestation and agricultural expansion. Only Belarus, Myanmar, North Korea and Russia were classified in the high-risk category.
- Low-risk countries (e.g. China, Singapore, Thailand) under the EUDR are subject to simplified due diligence and lower compliance costs for exporters from these countries. Standard-risk countries (Cambodia, Indonesia, Malaysia) require more stringent documentation, traceability and risk mitigation for exports to the EU. However, Malaysia has expressed concern over the EU classifying the country as standard risk, saying the designation was based on old data.
- The EU Commission has simplified its EUDR requirements to help reduce administrative burden and granted a 12-month additional phasing-in period. While the simplified EUDR measures reduce direct compliance burdens for smallholders and SMEs, smallholders may still face indirect challenges such as exclusion from EU supply chains and difficulties meeting traceability requirements (e.g. geolocation for all plots of origin).
- The risk classification will be reviewed in 2026 to reflect updated data and potential changes in country practices, legal frameworks and enforcement practices.

| Country | EUDR risk classification |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Brunei Darussalam | Low risk category |
| China | Low risk category |
| Laos | Low risk category |
| Singapore | Low risk category |
| Thailand | Low risk category |
| The Philippines | Low risk category |
| Vietnam | Low risk category |
| Cambodia | Standard risk category |
| Indonesia | Standard risk category |
| Malaysia | Standard risk category |
| Myanmar | High risk category |

Follow our podcasts by searching 'OCBC Research Insights' on Telegram!



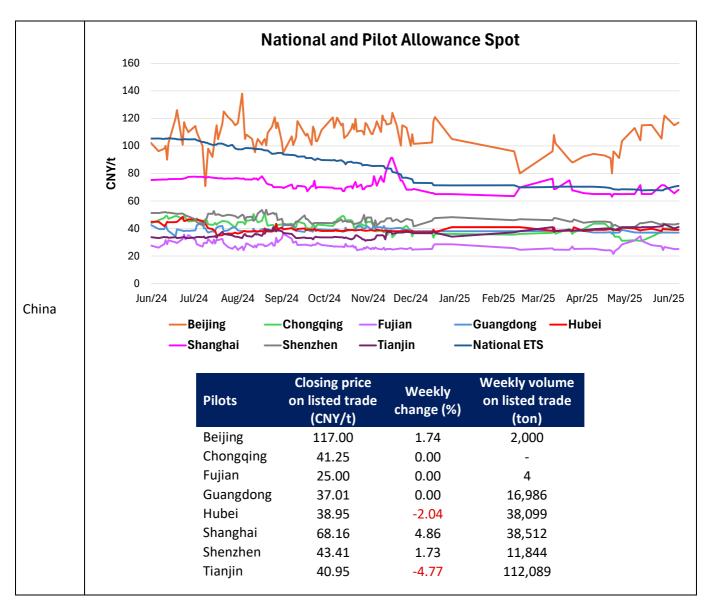
GLOBAL MARKETS RESEARCH

Carbon Markets: Weekly Overview

| ETS Markets | Price | Weekly change | | Week low |
|---------------------|-------|------------------|-------|-------------|
| EU ETS (EUR/ton) | 75.94 | 3.3% | 75.94 | 72.66 |
| China ETS (CNY/ton) | 70.96 | 4.5% | 70.96 | 67.67 |

| Market | Commentary | | |
|--------|--|--|--|
| EU ETS | EU ETS prices saw a 3.3% weekly gain amid the surge in energy markets, remaining above the €75/t level. The market is closely watching the Israel-Iran conflict, focusing on potential disruptions to LNG flows through Egypt which could present mild upside risk to European gas and consequently EUA demand. | EUETS | |
| | National ETS: Prices saw a 4.5% weekly gain, its largest weekly rise in six months. Market trading was active with a total traded volume of 31,549,915 tons, up 42.1% from the previous week, reflecting stronger market demand. | China ETS | |
| China | CCER : The CCER transaction price range was CNY 80.05 – 89.32/t last week. Transaction volumes rose to 208,125 tons, the highest single-week volume since the CCER market relaunch. | 54 44 Sep/24 Oct/24 Nov/24 Dec/24 Jan/25 Feb/25 Mar/25 Apr/25 May/25 China CCER | |
| | Pilot ETSs : Traded volumes increased by more than four times that of the previous week, totalling 373,227 tons. Prices in the Hubei and Tianjin ETSs fell, while the rest of the pilot ETSs saw prices increase. | 53 V V 90 85 80 75 70 Apr/25 May/25 | |





Source: Refinitiv Workspace, Carbon Pulse



GLOBAL MARKETS RESEARCH

Macro Research

Selena Ling Head of Research & Strategy <u>lingssselena@ocbc.com</u>

Herbert Wong Hong Kong & Taiwan Economist <u>herberthtwong@ocbc.com</u>

Jonathan Ng ASEAN Economist jonathanng4@ocbc.com

FX/Rates Strategy

Frances Cheung, CFA Head of FX & Rates Strategy francescheung@ocbc.com

Credit Research

Andrew Wong Head of Credit Research wongvkam@ocbc.com

Chin Meng Tee, CFA Credit Research Analyst <u>mengteechin@ocbc.com</u> Tommy Xie Dongming Head of Asia Macro Research <u>xied@ocbc.com</u>

Lavanya Venkateswaran Senior ASEAN Economist lavanyavenkateswaran@ocbc.com

Ong Shu Yi ESG Analyst <u>shuyiong1@ocbc.com</u> Keung Ching (Cindy) Hong Kong & Macau Economist <u>cindyckeung@ocbc.com</u>

Ahmad A Enver ASEAN Economist ahmad.enver@ocbc.com

Christopher Wong FX Strategist <u>christopherwong@ocbc.com</u>

Ezien Hoo, CFA Credit Research Analyst ezienhoo@ocbc.com Wong Hong Wei, CFA Credit Research Analyst wonghongwei@ocbc.com

This report is solely for information purposes and general circulation only and may not be published, circulated, reproduced or distributed in whole or in part to any other person without our prior written consent. This report should not be construed as an offer or solicitation for the subscription, purchase or sale of the securities/instruments mentioned herein or to participate in any particular trading or investment strategy. Any forecast on the economy, stock market, bond market and economic trends of the markets provided is not necessarily indicative of the future or likely performance of the securities/instruments. Whilst the information contained herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable and we have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the information contained in this report is not untrue or misleading at the time of publication, we cannot guarantee and we make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness, and you should not act on it without first independently verifying its contents. The securities/instruments mentioned in this report may not be suitable for investment by all investors. Any opinion or estimate contained in this report is subject to change without notice. We have not given any consideration to and we have not made any investigation of the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of the recipient or any class of persons, and accordingly, no warranty whatsoever is given and no liability whatsoever is accepted for any loss arising whether directly or indirectly as a result of the recipient or any class of persons acting on such information or opinion or estimate. This report may cover a wide range of topics and is not intended to be a comprehensive study or to provide any recommendation or advice on personal investing or financial planning. Accordingly, it should not be relied on or treated as a substitute for specific advice concerning individual situations. Please seek advice from a financial adviser regarding the suitability of any investment product taking into account your specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs before you make a commitment to purchase the investment product. In the event that you choose not to seek advice from a financial adviser, you should consider whether the investment product mentioned herein is suitable for you. Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited ("OCBC Bank"), Bank of Singapore Limited ("BOS"), OCBC Investment Research Private Limited ("OIR"), OCBC Securities Private Limited ("OSPL") and their respective related companies, their respective directors and/or employees (collectively "Related Persons") may or might have in the future, interests in the investment products or the issuers mentioned herein. Such interests include effecting transactions in such investment products, and providing broking, investment banking and other financial or securities related services to such issuers as well as other parties generally. OCBC Bank and its Related Persons may also be related to, and receive fees from, providers of such investment products. There may be conflicts of interest between OCBC Bank, BOS, OIR, OSPL or other members of the OCBC Group and any of the persons or entities mentioned in this report of which OCBC Bank and its analyst(s) are not aware due to OCBC Bank's Chinese Wall arrangement. This report is intended for your sole use and information. By accepting this report, you agree that you shall not share, communicate, distribute, deliver a copy of or otherwise disclose in any way all or any part of this report or any information contained herein (such report, part thereof and information, "Relevant Materials") to any person or entity (including, without limitation, any overseas office, affiliate, parent entity, subsidiary entity or related entity) (any such person or entity, a "Relevant Entity") in breach of any law, rule, regulation, guidance or similar. In particular, you agree not to share, communicate, distribute, deliver or otherwise disclose any Relevant Materials to any Relevant Entity that is subject to the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (2014/65/EU) ("MIFID") and the EU's Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation (600/2014) ("MIFIR") (together referred to as "MIFID II"), or any part thereof, as implemented in any jurisdiction. No member of the OCBC Group shall be liable or responsible for the compliance by you or any Relevant Entity with any law, rule, regulation, guidance or similar (including, without limitation, MiFID II, as implemented in any jurisdiction).

The information provided herein may contain projections or other forward looking statements regarding future events or future performance of countries, assets, markets or companies. Actual events or results may differ materially. Past performance figures are not necessarily indicative of future or likely performance.

Privileged / confidential information may be contained in this report. If you are not the addressee indicated in the message enclosing the report (or responsible for delivery of the message to such person), you may not copy or deliver the message and/or report to anyone. Opinions, conclusions and other information in this document that do not relate to the official business of OCBC Bank, BOS, OIR, OSPL and their respective connected and associated corporations shall be understood as neither given nor endorsed.

Co.Reg.no.: 193200032W